# **RALEIGH COUNTY** At-A-Glance 2024



## **Community Assets**

Quick Response Team (QRT)Image: Constraint of the second seco

Number of overdose fatalities in 2022:<sup>8</sup>

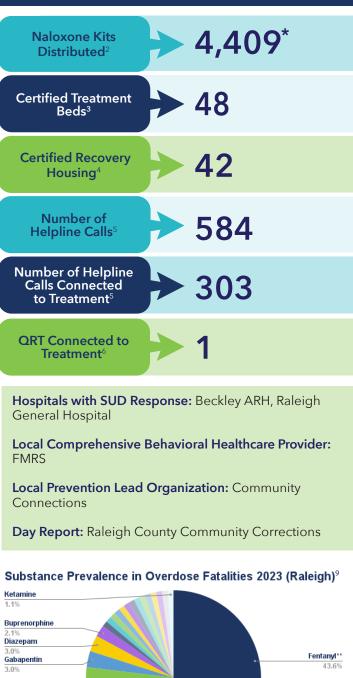
113

Number of overdose fatalities in 2023:<sup>8</sup>

> **113** County Rank:3<sup>8</sup>



FROM 2014 TO 2024, OPIOID PRESCRIPTION DRUG DISPENSING DECREASED BY -69%<sup>1</sup>



Diazepam 3.0% Gabapentin 3.0% Cocaine 9.8% Methamphetamine

23.5%

## Acronyms/Definitions

Certified Treatment Bed - A licensed facility providing short-term, medically necessary withdrawal management and stabilization, staffed with medical professionals, offering 24/7 monitoring, restrictive rules, and insurance acceptance.

Certified Recovery Housing - A peer-run or staff-managed home offering long-term support for individuals in recovery, where residents pay rent, receive assistance, and have the freedom to work and attend meetings, without on-site clinical services.

Hospital SUD Response Program - comprehensive approaches to SUD for individuals who present to the hospital system that can include screening, referral to treatment, MOUD induction, providing naloxone, and a Peer Recovery Support Specialist consult.

Harm Reduction Program (HRP) - refers to the use of practical strategies and ideas aimed at reducing the negative consequences associated with drug use.

Medication-Assisted Treatment/Medications for Opioid Use Disorders (MAT/MOUD) - refers to the three U.S. Food and Drug Administration approved medications used to treat opioid use disorder: Methadone, Buprenorphine, and Naltrexone.

Quick Response Team (QRT) - teams who contact people within 24 to 72 hours of an overdose to connect them to treatment and other services.

**Regional Partnership Grant (RPG)** - integration of programs and services designed to increase the well-being, improve the permanency, and enhance the safety of children who are in, or at-risk of, out-of-home placements as the result of a parent or caregiver's SUD.

Substance Use Disorder (SUD) - the recurrent use of alcohol or drugs causing clinically significant impairment, including health problems, disability, and failure to meet major responsibilities at work, school, or home.

### Resources:

**DoHS Office of Drug Control Policy:** https://dhhr.wv.gov/office-of-drug-control-policy

DoHS Office of Drug Control Policy Data Dashboard: https://bit.ly/ODCPData

Addiction Treatment Locator: https://treatmentatlas.org/

Certified Recovery Residence Locator: https://wvarr.org/recovery-housing-guide/residence-directory/

### Data Sources:

(1) West Virginia Board of Pharmacy

(2) West Virginia Department of Human Services, Bureau for Behavioral Health (3) West Virginia Department of Human Services, Bureau for Medical Services (4) West Virginia Alliance of Recovery Residences

- (5) First Choice Services, Inc.
- (6) West Virginia Department of Health, Bureau for Public Health
- (7) U.S. Census Bureau
- (8) West Virginia Department of Health, Office of the Chief Medical Examiner (9) West Virginia Department of Health, Bureau for Public Health, Health
- Statistics Center
- (--) Data unavailable at time of report.

(\*) Number of naloxone kits distributed is approximate based on shipment data from the University of Charleston School of Pharmacy, Narcan Direct, and numbers reported from Save-a-Life Day 2024.

(\*\*) Fentanyl-related deaths include those from pharmaceutical fentanyl and illicit fentanyl and its analogues.

For more information, contact: Stephen Loyd, MD Director, DoHS Office of Drug Control Policy stephen.d.loyd@wv.gov https://dhhr.wv.gov/office-of-drug-control-policy

Get Help





