MEDICAID EMERGENCY TRANSPORTATION DURING COVID-19



During the COVID-19 public health emergency, the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources, Bureau for Medical Services (BMS) **adjusted rates for advanced life support (ALS)** and **basic life support (BLS)** services.

BMS also implemented the **E-100 protocol**, which helped Emergency Medical Service (EMS) providers **identify members that could care for themselves at home** without transport to the emergency department (ED) to **help make sure ED services were available for more severe issues**.

Medicaid claims data from January 2017 to June 2021 were studied to see how transportation service use, costs, and related health outcomes changed during the pandemic. **Focus groups with EMS providers** were also conducted between February and March of 2021 to understand their perspectives on the E-100 protocol.

Rate adjustments for life support transport may have helped EMS providers dealing with a decline in use during the pandemic. These changes **helped EMS transportation providers continue to deliver services.**

Most EMS providers were confident in using the E-100 protocol and said they advised members to follow up with their primary care provider or medical home after an E-100 visit.

Overall, the decision to use the E-100 protocol worked.



EMS PROVIDERS HAD CONFIDENCE IN THE E-100 PROTOCOL.

The E-100 protocol helped EMS providers transport members with severe issues while still providing emergency care to those who could care for themselves at home.

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& COSTS

ECLINED

Services gradually declined during the pandemic, down 14% for advanced life support and 7% for basic life support.

E-100 PROTOCOL USE & COSTS INCREASED	The use and costs of the E-100 protocol saw a sustained increase during the pandemic. Its use during the pandemic rose over 150% and has remained high.
MANAGING CARE AT HOME	The E-100 protocol helped members manage their care without going to the emergency department. The protocol was used on average 165 times a month, with more than half of members not having to visit emergency departments.
PROVIDERS HAD CONFIDENCE	Most EMS providers were confident using the E-100 protocol. EMS providers noted that their confidence improved over time as they had opportunities to consistently use and apply the protocol.
HEALTH VISITS INCREASED	Communication with the general public and some healthcare providers was an issue, while other areas worked smoothly. Visits to internal medicine, general, and family practice providers increased after an E-100 visit.

The information summarized here comes from a larger evaluation on changes to the WV Medicaid system during COVID-19. For additional information, please contact WV Medicaid at DHHR.BMSSupport@WV.gov.



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