

# STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES BUREAU FOR MEDICAL SERVICES



### Office of Pharmacy Service Prior Authorization Criteria

## REPATHA<sup>®</sup> (evolocumab) <u>Prior Authorization Request Form</u>

- Repatha<sup>®</sup> is a PCSK9 (Proprotein Convertase Subtilisin Kexin Type 9) inhibitor antibody indicated as an adjunct to diet and maximally tolerated statin therapy for the treatment of adults with <u>heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia</u> (HeFH) or clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD), who require additional lowering of LDL-cholesterol (LDL-C).
- Repatha is also indicated as an adjunct to diet and other LDL-lowering therapies in patients with <u>homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia</u> (HoFH) who require additional lowering of LDL-C.

## Criteria for Approval

- 1) Age restrictions are based on diagnosis:
  - a. Patient must be 13 years or older for HoFH OR
  - b. 18 years or older for HeFH and ASCVD
- Must be prescribed by or in consultation with a cardiologist or lipid specialist; AND
- Documentation indicating that treatment with at least two 12-week trials of different high-intensity statins used concomitantly with ezetimibe (Zetia) has been ineffective. Adherence to the current statin regimen must be evidenced by consistent pharmacy claims; AND
- 4) The patient will be using Repatha concomitantly with a maximally-tolerated statin or other LDL-lowering therapy; **AND**
- Presence of causal mutation for familial hypercholesterolemia by genetic testing;
  OR Definitive clinical evidence supporting the diagnosis of familial hypercholesterolemia (documentation must be provided); OR
- 6) The patient must have a documented diagnosis of ASCVD<sup>1</sup> and an LDL of at least 130 mg/dL while on a regimen consisting of a high-intensity statin therapy (at the maximally tolerated dose) in combination with Zetia.



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<sup>1</sup>Diagnosis of ASCVD is defined as one of the following: acute coronary syndrome, or a history of myocardial infarction, stable or unstable angina, coronary or other arterial revascularization, stroke, transient ischemic attack, or peripheral arterial disease presumed to be of atherosclerotic origin.

### **Criteria for Continuation**

- 1) Hypercholesterolemia, ASCVD: Documentation that LDL-C < 100 mg/dL or there has been at least a 40% LDL-C reduction from pre-treatment level; **AND**
- 2) Documentation that the member has been adherent to treatment with statin and PCSK9 inhibitor as demonstrated by consistent pharmacy claims.

### **References**

- 1) Repatha package insert revised 9/2015
- 2) Lexi-Comp Clinical Application 02/16/2016
- 3) Recommendation for the ASCVD LDL cutoff was derived from direct communication with Dr. Joseph Saheen at the 2016 ADURs conference in Scottsdale, AZ.
- 4) Stone, N. J., Robinson, J., Lichtenstein, A. H., et al. 2013 ACC/AHA Guideline on the treatment of blood cholesterol to reduce atherosclerotic cardiovascular risk in adults: A report of the American College of Cardiology/American Heart Association Task Force on practice guidelines. *Circulation* 2013. Retrieved from: http://circ.ahajournals.org.
- 5) Goldberg, A. C., Hopkins, P. N., Toth, P. P., et al. Familial hypercholesterolemia: Screening, diagnosis and management of pediatric and adult patients. Clinical guidance from the National Lipid Association Expert Panel on Familial Hypercholesterolemia. *J. of Clinical Lipidology* 2011 Volume 5, Number 3S.



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